

1 10A NCAC 13P .0102 is proposed for amendment as follows:

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3 **10A NCAC 13P .0102 DEFINITIONS**

4 In addition to the definitions in G.S. 131E-155, the following definitions apply throughout this Subchapter:

5 (1) "Affiliated EMS Provider" means the firm, corporation, agency, organization, or association
6 identified with a specific county EMS system as a condition for EMS Provider Licensing as required
7 by Rule .0204 of this Subchapter.

8 (2) "Affiliated Hospital" means a non-trauma center hospital that is owned by the Trauma Center or
9 there is a contract or other agreement to allow for the acceptance or transfer of the Trauma Center's
10 patient population to the non-trauma center hospital.

11 (3) "Affiliate" or "Affiliation" means a reciprocal agreement and association that includes active
12 participation, collaboration, and involvement in a process or system between two or more parties.

13 (4) "Alternative Practice Setting" means a practice setting that utilizes credentialed EMS personnel that
14 may not be affiliated with or under the oversight of an EMS System or EMS System Medical
15 Director.

16 (5) "Air Medical Ambulance" means an aircraft configured and medically equipped to transport patients
17 by air. The patient care compartment of air medical ambulances shall be staffed by medical crew
18 members approved for the mission by the Medical Director.

19 (6) "Air Medical Program" means a SCTP or EMS System utilizing rotary-wing or fixed-wing aircraft
20 configured and operated to transport patients.

21 (7) "Assistant Medical Director" means a physician, EMS-PA, or EMS-NP who assists the Medical
22 Director with the medical aspects of the management of a practice setting utilizing credentialed
23 EMS personnel or medical crew members.

24 (8) "Bypass" means a decision made by the patient care technician to transport a patient from the scene
25 of an accident or medical emergency past a receiving facility for the purposes of accessing a facility
26 with a higher level of care, or a hospital of its own volition reroutes a patient from the scene of an
27 accident or medical emergency or referring hospital to a facility with a higher level of care.

28 (9) "Community Paramedicine" means an EMS System utilizing credentialed personnel who have
29 received additional training as determined by the EMS system Medical Director to provide
30 knowledge and skills for the community needs beyond the 911 emergency response and transport
31 operating guidelines defined in the EMS system plan.

32 (10) "Contingencies" mean conditions placed on a designation that, if unmet, may result in the loss or
33 amendment of a designation.

34 (11) "Convalescent Ambulance" means an ambulance used on a scheduled basis solely to transport
35 patients having a known non-emergency medical condition. Convalescent ambulances shall not be
36 used in place of any other category of ambulance defined in this Subchapter.

- 1 (12) "Deficiency" means the failure to meet essential criteria for a designation that can serve as the basis
2 for a focused review or denial of a designation.
- 3 (13) "Department" means the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services.
- 4 (14) "Diversion" means the hospital is unable to accept a patient due to a lack of staffing or resources.
- 5 (15) "Educational Medical Advisor" means the physician responsible for overseeing the medical aspects
6 of approved EMS educational programs.
- 7 (16) "EMS Care" means all services provided within each EMS System by its affiliated EMS agencies
8 and personnel that relate to the dispatch, response, treatment, and disposition of any patient.
- 9 (17) "EMS Educational Institution" means any agency credentialed by the OEMS to offer EMS
10 educational programs.
- 11 (18) "EMS Non-Transporting Vehicle" means a motor vehicle operated by a licensed EMS provider
12 dedicated and equipped to move medical equipment and EMS personnel functioning within the
13 scope of practice of an AEMT or Paramedic to the scene of a request for assistance. EMS
14 nontransporting vehicles shall not be used for the transportation of patients on the streets, highways,
15 waterways, or airways of the state.
- 16 (19) "EMS Peer Review Committee" means a committee as defined in G.S. 131E-155(6b).
- 17 (20) "EMS Performance Improvement Self-Tracking and Assessment of Targeted Statistics" means one
18 or more reports generated from the State EMS data system analyzing the EMS service delivery,
19 personnel performance, and patient care provided by an EMS system and its associated EMS
20 agencies and personnel. Each EMS Performance Improvement Self-Tracking and Assessment of
21 Targeted Statistics focuses on a topic of care such as trauma, cardiac arrest, EMS response times,
22 stroke, STEMI (heart attack), and pediatric care.
- 23 (21) "EMS Provider" means those entities defined in G.S. 131E-155(13a) that hold a current license
24 issued by the Department pursuant to G.S. 131E-155.1.
- 25 (22) "EMS System" means a coordinated arrangement of local resources under the authority of the county
26 government (including all agencies, personnel, equipment, and facilities) organized to respond to
27 medical emergencies and integrated with other health care providers and networks including public
28 health, community health monitoring activities, and special needs populations.
- 29 (23) "Essential Criteria" means those items that are the requirements for the respective level of trauma
30 center designation (I, II, or III), as set forth in Rule .0901 of this Subchapter.
- 31 (24) "Focused Review" means an evaluation by the OEMS of corrective actions to remove contingencies
32 that are a result of deficiencies following a site visit.
- 33 (25) "Ground Ambulance" means an ambulance used to transport patients with traumatic or medical
34 conditions or patients for whom the need for specialty care, emergency, or non-emergency medical
35 care is anticipated either at the patient location or during transport.

- 1 (26) "Hospital" means a licensed facility as defined in G.S. 131E-176 or an acute care in-patient
 2 diagnostic and treatment facility located within the State of North Carolina that is owned and
 3 operated by an agency of the United States government.
- 4 ~~(27)~~ ~~"Immediately Available" means the physical presence of the health professional or the hospital~~
 5 ~~resource within the trauma center to evaluate and care for the trauma patient.~~
- 6 ~~(28)~~(27) "Inclusive Trauma System" means an organized, multi-disciplinary, evidence-based approach to
 7 provide quality care and to improve measurable outcomes for all defined injured patients. EMS,
 8 hospitals, other health systems, and clinicians shall participate in a structured manner through
 9 leadership, advocacy, injury prevention, education, clinical care, performance improvement, and
 10 research resulting in integrated trauma care.
- 11 ~~(29)~~(28) "Infectious Disease Control Policy" means a written policy describing how the EMS system will
 12 protect and prevent its patients and EMS professionals from exposure and illness associated with
 13 contagions and infectious disease.
- 14 ~~(30)~~(29) "Lead RAC Agency" means the agency (comprised of one or more Level I or II trauma centers) that
 15 provides staff support and serves as the coordinating entity for trauma planning.
- 16 ~~(31)~~(30) "Level I Trauma Center" means a hospital that has the capability of providing guidance, research,
 17 and total care for every aspect of injury from prevention to rehabilitation.
- 18 ~~(32)~~(31) "Level II Trauma Center" means a hospital that provides trauma care regardless of the severity of
 19 the injury, but may lack the comprehensive care as a Level I trauma center, and does not have trauma
 20 research as a primary objective.
- 21 ~~(33)~~(32) "Level III Trauma Center" means a hospital that provides assessment, resuscitation, emergency
 22 operations, and stabilization, and arranges for hospital transfer as needed to a Level I or II trauma
 23 center.
- 24 ~~(34)~~ ~~"Licensed Health Care Facility" means any health care facility or hospital licensed by the~~
 25 ~~Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Health Service Regulation.~~
- 26 ~~(35)~~(33) "Medical Crew Member" means EMS personnel or other health care professionals who are licensed
 27 or registered in North Carolina and are affiliated with a SCTP.
- 28 ~~(36)~~(34) "Medical Director" means the physician responsible for the medical aspects of the management of
 29 a practice setting utilizing credentialed EMS personnel or medical crew members, or a Trauma
 30 Center.
- 31 ~~(37)~~(35) "Medical Oversight" means the responsibility for the management and accountability of the medical
 32 care aspects of a practice setting utilizing credentialed EMS personnel or medical crew members.
 33 Medical Oversight includes physician direction of the initial education and continuing education of
 34 EMS personnel or medical crew members; development and monitoring of both operational and
 35 treatment protocols; evaluation of the medical care rendered by EMS personnel or medical crew
 36 members; participation in system or program evaluation; and directing, by two-way voice
 37 communications, the medical care rendered by the EMS personnel or medical crew members.

- 1 ~~(38)~~(36) "Mobile Integrated Healthcare" means utilizing credentialed personnel who have received
2 additional training as determined by the Alternative Practice Setting medical director to provide
3 knowledge and skills for the healthcare provider program needs.
- 4 ~~(39)~~ "Off line Medical Control" means ~~medical supervision provided through the EMS System Medical~~
5 ~~Director or SCTP Medical Director who is responsible for the day to day medical care provided by~~
6 ~~EMS personnel. This includes EMS personnel education, protocol development, quality~~
7 ~~management, peer review activities, and EMS administrative responsibilities related to assurance of~~
8 ~~quality medical care.~~
- 9 ~~(40)~~(37) "Office of Emergency Medical Services" means a section of the Division of Health Service
10 Regulation of the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services located at 1201
11 Umstead Drive, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.
- 12 ~~(41)~~(38) "On-line Medical Control" means the medical supervision or oversight provided to EMS personnel
13 through direct communication in-person, via radio, cellular phone, or other communication device
14 during the time the patient is under the care of an EMS professional.
- 15 ~~(42)~~(39) "Operational Protocols" means the administrative policies and procedures of an EMS System or that
16 provide guidance for the day-to-day operation of the system.
- 17 ~~(43)~~ "Participating Hospital" means ~~a hospital that supplements care within a larger trauma system by~~
18 ~~the initial evaluation and assessment of injured patients for transfer to a designated trauma center if~~
19 ~~needed.~~
- 20 ~~(44)~~(40) "Physician" means a medical or osteopathic doctor licensed by the North Carolina Medical Board
21 to practice medicine in the state of North Carolina.
- 22 ~~(45)~~(41) "Regional Advisory Committee" means a committee comprised of a lead RAC agency and a group
23 representing trauma care providers and the community, for the purpose of regional planning,
24 establishing, and maintaining a coordinated trauma system.
- 25 ~~(46)~~(42) "Request for Proposal" means a State document that must be completed by each hospital seeking
26 initial or renewal trauma center designation.
- 27 ~~(47)~~(43) "Significant Failure to Comply" means a degree of non-compliance determined by the OEMS during
28 compliance monitoring to exceed the ability of the local EMS System to correct, warranting
29 enforcement action pursuant to Section .1500 of this Subchapter.
- 30 ~~(48)~~(44) "State Medical Asset and Resource Tracking Tool" means the Internet web-based program used by
31 the OEMS both in its daily operations and during times of disaster to identify, record, and monitor
32 EMS, hospital, health care, and sheltering resources statewide, including facilities, personnel,
33 vehicles, equipment, and pharmaceutical and supply caches.
- 34 ~~(49)~~(45) "Specialty Care Transport Program" means a program designed and operated for the transportation
35 of a patient by ground or air requiring specialized interventions, monitoring, and staffing by a
36 paramedic who has received additional training as determined by the program Medical Director

beyond the minimum training prescribed by the OEMS, or by one or more other healthcare professional(s) qualified for the provision of specialized care based on the patient's condition.

~~(50)~~(46) "Specialty Care Transport Program Continuing Education Coordinator" means a ~~Level I~~ Level II EMS Instructor within a SCTP who is responsible for the coordination of EMS continuing education programs for EMS personnel within the program.

~~(51)~~(47) "Stretcher" means any wheeled or portable device capable of transporting a person in a recumbent position and may only be used in an ambulance vehicle permitted by the Department.

~~(52)~~(48) "Stroke" means an acute cerebrovascular hemorrhage or occlusion resulting in a neurologic deficit.

~~(53)~~(49) "System Continuing Education Coordinator" means the ~~Level I~~ Level II EMS Instructor designated by the local EMS System who is responsible for the coordination of EMS continuing education programs.

~~(54)~~(50) "System Data" means all information required for daily electronic submission to the OEMS by all EMS Systems using the EMS data set, data dictionary, and file format as specified in "North Carolina College of Emergency Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection," incorporated herein by reference including subsequent amendments and editions. This document is available from the OEMS, 2707 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699- 2707, at no cost and online at www.ncems.org at no cost.

~~(55)~~(51) "Trauma Center" means a hospital designated by the State of North Carolina and distinguished by its ability to manage, on a 24-hour basis, the severely injured patient or those at risk for severe injury.

~~(56)~~ "Trauma Center Criteria" means essential criteria to define Level I, II, or III trauma centers.

~~(57)~~ "Trauma Center Designation" means a process of approval in which a hospital voluntarily seeks to have its trauma care capabilities and performance evaluated by experienced on-site reviewers.

~~(58)~~ "Trauma Diversion" means a trauma center of its own volition declines to accept an acutely injured patient due to a lack of staffing or resources.

~~(59)~~ "Trauma Guidelines" mean standards for practice in a variety of situations within the trauma system.

~~(60)~~ "Trauma Minimum Data Set" means the basic data required of all hospitals for submission to the Trauma Registry.

~~(61)~~(52) "Trauma Patient" means any patient with an ICD-CM discharge diagnosis as defined in the "North Carolina Trauma Registry Data Dictionary," incorporated herein by reference, including subsequent amendments and editions. This document is available from the OEMS, 2707 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-2707, at no cost and online at <https://info.ncdhhs.gov/dhsr/EMS/trauma/traumaregistry.html> at no cost.

~~(62)~~(53) "Trauma Program" means an administrative entity that includes the trauma service and coordinates other trauma-related activities. It shall also include the trauma Medical Director, trauma program manager/trauma coordinator, and trauma registrar. This program's reporting structure shall give it

1 the ability to interact with at least equal authority with other departments in the hospital providing
2 patient care.

3 ~~(63)~~(54) "Trauma Registry" means a disease-specific data collection composed of a file of uniform data
4 elements that describe the injury event, demographics, pre-hospital information, diagnosis, care,
5 outcomes, and costs of treatment for injured patients collected and electronically submitted as
6 defined by the OEMS. The elements of the Trauma Registry can be accessed at
7 <https://info.ncdhhs.gov/dhsr/EMS/trauma/traumaregistry.html> at no cost.

8 ~~(64)~~(55) "Treatment Protocols" means a document approved by the Medical Directors of the local EMS
9 System, Specialty Care Transport Program, Alternative Practice Setting, or Trauma Center and the
10 OEMS specifying the diagnostic procedures, treatment procedures, medication administration, and
11 patient-care-related policies that shall be completed by EMS personnel or medical crew members
12 based upon the assessment of a patient.

13 ~~(65)~~(56) "Triage" means the assessment and categorization of a patient to determine the level of EMS and
14 healthcare facility based care required.

15 ~~(66)~~(57) "Water Ambulance" means a watercraft specifically configured and medically equipped to transport
16 patients.

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18 *History Note:* Authority G.S. 131E-155(6b); 131E-162; 143-508(b), 143-508(d)(1); 143-508(d)(2); 143-
19 508(d)(3); 143-508(d)(4); 143-508(d)(5); 143-508(d)(6); 143-508(d)(7); 143-508(d)(8); 143-
20 508(d)(13); 143-518(a)(5);
21 *Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;*
22 *Eff. April 1, 2003;*
23 *Amended Eff. March 3, 2009 pursuant to E.O. 9, Beverly Perdue, March 3, 2009;*
24 *Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3(c), a bill was not ratified by the General Assembly to disapprove this*
25 *rule;*
26 *Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;*
27 *Amended Eff. July 1, 2021; September 1, 2019; July 1, 2018.*